

## ACTIONS FOR SPECIFIC SYSTEM ACTORS

# SYSTEM ACTOR: Hospitals

This document describes actions from the <u>Birth Equity Action Map</u> that hospitals can take to advance birth equity, as well as potential partners and the barriers to change each action addresses. Hospital's operations and interactions have significant impacts on patient outcomes, workforce wellbeing, the local community, and the broader health care landscape. **Click here to explore these hospital actions in the interactive Birth Equity Action Map**.

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ACTION	DESCRIPTION	POTENTIAL PARTNERS	BARRIER(S) TO CHANGE BEING ADDRESSED
Address biases system-wide and advance cultural humility <sup>1,3</sup>	<ul> <li>Enhance commitment, create accountability for, and support the practice of cultural humility and awareness/ improvement of workforce biases. Specifically, this might look like:</li> <li>Provide health care staff and providers with education on cultural humility and birth equity to grow their empathy and understanding of the need for equitable, trauma-informed, culturally competent care.</li> <li>Recognize and raise awareness of learning and action opportunities available (i.e., the Racial Equity Institute) to organizations.</li> <li>Inform and activate leadership champions to communicate the need for cultural humility to providers and health care staff, including stories from people with lived experience</li> </ul>	National non-profits, Federal agencies, Private funders, Health systems, State and local health agencies, Academic institution, Birth equity advocates	Mental Model: Belief among decision makers that it is not critical to invest in workforce, anti-racism, or service gaps

ACTION	DESCRIPTION	POTENTIAL PARTNERS	BARRIER(S) TO CHANGE BEIN ADDRESSED
Assess organization's current conditions and activities⁴	<ul> <li>Assess organization's current conditions and activities informed by data. Results of the assessment should identify gaps and be actionable. Specifically, this can include:</li> <li>Latest maternal and infant health access, outcomes, quality, and experience data, stratified by self-identified race, ethnicity, limited English proficiency, disability, sexual orientation and gender identity, and type of coverage, with historical trends if available (CMO and/or Quality Improvement (QI) team).</li> <li>Inventory and assessment of clinical maternity and reproductive healthcare services (preconception, pregnancy, childbirth, and postpartum practices) through the lens of whole person care (CMO and/or QI team).</li> <li>Inventory and assessment of the intercultural competence of leaders and organization (CMO and/or QI team).</li> <li>Inventory and assessment of the capacity to support the mental health and social needs of diverse childbearing women and people (CMO and/or QI team).</li> <li>Assessment of the current capability to effectively and respectfully serve specific groups of people who wish to become pregnant, are currently pregnant, or recently gave birth (QI team, CMO, COO). These groups include: People from communities experiencing historical and ongoing racism. Immigrants, including those without legal status. People with limited English proficiency. People with disabilities. People with varied sexual orientations and transgender and gender-nonconforming people.</li> <li>Survey of current and potential birthing people about their expectations for and recommended improvements of maternity-related services, co-designed with service users (QI, patient experience, community health team).</li> <li>Hospital assessment of facility readiness to support breastfeeding using CDC's mPINC 10 Steps Assessment Tool</li> </ul>	Community-based organizations, Health systems, State and local health agencies	System Structure: Hospital performance and readmiss rates do not typically disaggregate data by race or center assessment of respectful care or other structural measures
Build local coalitions <sup>1,3,4</sup>	<ul> <li>Build local coalitions to expand collective capacity to advance birth equity.</li> <li>Specifically, this might look like: <ul> <li>Sharing resources and strategies among organizations for collective impact</li> <li>Investing in the development of cultural humility and empathy among coalition members</li> <li>Changing the traditional hierarchies to share power with community organizations, members, and patient representatives</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Community-based organizations, Health systems, State and local health agencies, Birth equity advocates, Legislators	Mental Model: Resistance t collaboration across sector

AMCHINE A CTIONS FOR SPECIFIC SYSTEM ACTORS

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Collaborate across silos to provide continuous care <sup>1,2,3,4</sup>	Commit to ongoing communication and collaboration among healthcare providers and birth workers to eliminate silos, strengthen the continuum of care while implementing evidence-based practices, and ensure warm handoffs across transitions (e.g., from pregnancy to postpartum). Specifically, this can look like: • Provide postpartum services for at least 12 months • Optimize the current two postpartum visits recommended by the American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists • Report the nationally endorsed Contraceptive Care-Postpartum performance measure • Provide affordable and accessible childcare during perinatal appointments • Provide mobile health services to families in rural areas • Collaborate across health systems and payers to align and expand covered services	Health systems, Legislators	System Structure: Health insurance and payment systems create and maintain inequitable access to health care and holistic perinatal care
Combat bias through training, education, and policy <sup>3,4</sup>	Combat bias through workforce training, education, and hospital-level policy change. Specifically, this might look like: • Updating nursing and medical school curriculum • Offering trainings (in medical schools and to current providers) that focus on protecting birthing parent autonomy, addressing racial biases, and promoting respectful maternity care	Health systems, Professional medical associations, Medical and health education programs	System Structure: Lack of support for diverse birthing workforce Mental Model: Persistent implicit bias among providers and lack of empathy towards pregnant people with systemically marginalized identities
Create communication & coordination standards across sectors <sup>3</sup>	Create communication and coordination standards (e.g., shared vocabulary and data, warm handoff protocols, etc) and support healthy collaboration across sectors.	Community-based organizations, Health systems, State and local health agencies	Mental Model: Resistance to collaboration across sectors
Develop and support an organizational growth culture <sup>3</sup>	Grow and support organizational commitment and capacity for adaptive leadership, including a growth and transformative mindset. This includes building organizational cultures that support a true commitment to psychological safety to unleash the potential for meaningful improvement, courageous creativity, human connection, and grace towards oneself and each other; mandatory/strongly encouraged paid time off; and instilling and welcoming a deep commitment to speaking truth to power, while also recognizing that strategic decisions need to inevitably play a role when navigating different settings, spaces, and audiences.	National non-profits, Federal agencies, Private funders, Health systems, State and local health agencies, Birth equity advocates, Academic institutions	Mental Model: Resistance to embracing a transformative mindset

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Disseminate health education and birth rights information <sup>3</sup>	<ul> <li>Develop and disseminate culturally relevant health education resources, including on birth choices and rights, acknowledging current system flaws, and suggested strategies for resiliency while pursuing community-driven systems change. Specifically, this might look like:</li> <li>Disseminating birth rights information to families and communities</li> <li>Assuring providers are knowledgeable on and held accountable to state-level and facility-level policies regarding patient rights</li> </ul>	Community-based organizations, National non- profits, Health systems, State and local health agencies, Birth equity advocates	System Structure: Birthing individuals only have access to what their insurance is willing to pay for, setting a standard that doesn't allow choice Mental Model: The devaluing of women and childbirth and intense focus on the newbor
Elevate community voices for policy change <sup>1,3,4</sup>	<ul> <li>Elevate and value diverse community voices in both governmental and organizational policy change efforts. Apply Black feminist praxes and Indigenous knowledge to policy and program development, implementation, and analysis at every level of government. Specifically, this might look like:</li> <li>Assess current relationships, initiatives, and reputation regarding community engagement</li> <li>Seeking out, disseminating, and supporting insights shared from community members' lived experience including to inform on disaster and public health emergency response</li> <li>Dedicate staff hours to building and maintaining relationships with the community</li> <li>Actively inviting and integrating diverse and underrepresented perspectives in collaborative and policymaking spaces</li> <li>Creating and supporting dedicated spaces to bring community voices and experiences to policymakers and legislative staff</li> <li>Developing a patient- and community-led governing and decision-making board at a health system or hospital</li> <li>Provide opportunities for staff to learn from community leaders</li> <li>Join community leaders in community settings, for example, serving on community boards or attending community-led health events</li> <li>Require proportionate community representation – based on race and ethnicity, ability, and sexual orientation and gender identity in the service area population – on advisory committees and other governance bodies with meaningful decision-making roles</li> </ul>	Community-based organizations, National non-profits, Health systems, State and local health agencies	Mental Model: The focus on individual care, rather than i the family/community conte

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Engage and compensate people with lived experience <sup>2,3,4</sup>	Recognize and create a structure for compensating the invaluable insights gathered from people with lived experience. Specifically, this might look like developing a mechanism to pay people with lived experience for serving on advisory boards or revising job descriptions to recognize lived experience as relevant job experience.	Community-based organizations, National non-profits, Health systems, State and local health agencies	System Structure: Funding systems perpetuate lack of accountability for funded programs to achieve results and/or meaningfully engage the impacted community Mental Model: The focus on individual care, rather than in the family/community contex Mental Model: Belief among decision makers that it is not critical to invest in workforce, anti-racism, or service gaps
Ensure equitable, trauma-informed, patient-centered care <sup>13,4</sup>	Ensure equitable, trauma-informed, patient-centered care is provided and rooted in reproductive justice. Specifically, this might look like: • Develop community-led governance structures within health systems • Invest in reproductive justice informed peer-to-peer, and community health worker programs • Train providers to deliver respectable maternity care, including respect for the full range of birthing options and patient autonomy • Provide access to peer counselors and lactation specialists to support human milk feeding • Establish breastfeeding-friendly spaces and adhere to the 10 Steps to Successful Breastfeeding.	Health systems, Payer, Medical and health education programs	System Structure: Extent to which federal and state governments prioritize maternal and infant health equity System Structure: Extent to which federal and state governments prioritize maternal and infant health equity System Structure: Hospital systems based on the "average" individual, not taking into account the diverse needs and wants of individual families Mental Model: The focus on individual care, rather than in the family/community context

AMCHINE A CTIONS FOR SPECIFIC SYSTEM ACTORS

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Expand innovative care models <sup>1,4</sup>	<ul> <li>Health systems should develop and evaluate innovative care delivery models to expand and improve options for birthing parents and families. Specifically, this can include:</li> <li>Midwifery-led prenatal care</li> <li>Group prenatal care options</li> <li>Telehealth and home monitoring programs.</li> <li>Establishing Medicaid demonstration projects to test payment models for maternity care</li> <li>Assessing the impact and opportunity for developing birth centers within the Federally Qualified Health Center model.</li> </ul>	Federal agencies, Health systems, Academic institutions, Payers	System Structure: Birthing individuals only have access to what their insurance is willing to pay for, setting a standard that doesn't allow choice Mental Model: Practice and research focus on the problem and not the solution
Fully integrate doulas and midwives into birthing care teams <sup>1,3</sup>	Fully integrate doulas and midwives into care teams by assessing and changing policies limiting their involvement, developing strong partnerships between health systems and community-based organizations, and supporting doula/midwife cooperatives and training programs. This must include attention to unintended consequences such as the prioritization of doulas and midwives associated with health systems over community-based doulas.	Community-based organizations, Health systems, Payers, Professional medical associations	System Structure: Lack of support for diverse birthing workforce System Structure: Birthing individuals only have access to what their insurance is willing to pay for, setting a standard that doesn't allow choice Mental Model: Resistance to including doulas and midwives in care teams
Implement and strengthen team-based care approaches <sup>3,4</sup>	Implement and strengthen team-based care approaches in order to provide cohesive, collaborative care to birthing people and their families. This should include OBGYNs, doulas, midwives, mental health professionals, pediatricians, community health workers, community nurses, home visitors, etc.	Health systems, Payers, Professional medical associations	System Structure: Lack of support for diverse birthing workforce Mental Model: Resistance to collaboration across sectors
Implement collaborative knowledge sharing tools to support families <sup>3,4</sup>	Implement and disseminate approaches (e.g., collaborative knowledge sharing tools, websites, platforms like Unite Us) to efficiently provide up-to-date information about resources and wrap-around services that can support families.	Community-based organizations, State and local health agencies, Health systems	Mental Model: The focus on individual care, rather than in the family/community contex System Structure: Extent to which federal and state governments prioritize maternal and infant health equity

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Promote cross-sector dialogue <sup>1,3,4</sup>	Promote high-level dialogues across sectors at the community, state, and national levels to discuss critical sector impacts on maternal health and through this grow buy-in and inform action to increase collective impact.	Community-based organizations, National non- profits, Federal agencies, Private funders, Health systems, State and local health agencies, Legislators	Mental Model: Resistance to public health, anti-racism, women's rights, and disability justice efforts Mental Model: Resistance to collaboration across sectors
Promote disaggregated data collection and sharing <sup>3,4</sup>	Enhance and financially support comprehensive, disaggregated data collection and transparent sharing from health systems in order to accurately understand and track inequities and allocate funding.	Health systems, State and local health agencies, Payers	System Structure: Hospital performance data lacks disaggregation and structural measures
Recruit, train, and support diverse provider workforce <sup>2,3,5</sup>	Recruit, train, and support a diverse community-based birthing provider workforce, including doulas, midwives, lactation consultants, and perinatal mental health specialists. This might include developing interdisciplinary clinical training models and empowering clients and community members to join the birth equity ecosystem through scholarship opportunities, training, and hiring.	Community-based organizations, Private funders, Health systems, Medical and health education programs, Legislators	System Structure: Lack of support for diverse birthing workforce
Screen for needs throughout perinatal period⁴	Screen for physical and mental health and social needs at key points in pregnan- cy and the postpartum period using robust, culturally responsive screening tools. Co-create and consistently update care plans with the birthing person and facilitate access to the plan by all members of the care team.	Community-based organizations, Health systems	System Structure: When referrals are made within clinical systems, there is no coordinated feedback structure to ensure services are received System Structure: Extent to which federal and state governments prioritize maternal and infant health equity

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Strengthen facility and provider accountability for patient rights <sup>3,4</sup>	Assess and strengthen health system and hospital policies and insurance policies to ensure facility and provider accountability to patient rights and birthing autono- my. This could include implementing a consistent, streamlined process for accessing financial assistance or charitable care, within and outside the provider institution, that is not punitive or predicated on the existence of medical debt.	Health systems, Payers, Legislators	System Structure: Inconsister investment in providing equitable access to basic health, social, and economic services and supports System Structure: Hospital performance data lacks disaggregation and structural measures Mental Model: Persistent implicit bias among providers and lack of empathy towards pregnant people with systemically marginalized identities Mental Model: The devaluing of women and childbirth and intense focus on the newborn
Support community engagement and staff retention <sup>1,3,4</sup>	Cultivate and implement strategies to support the wellness and restoration of staff and create accessible, inclusive environments that welcome family and community engagement in program and policy design.	Community-based organizations, Health systems, State and local health agencies	Mental Model: Resistance to public health, anti-racism, women's rights, and disability justice efforts Mental Model: The focus on individual care, rather than in the family/community contex
Support patients in understanding and using insurance <sup>3</sup>	Those providing and accepting insurance need to strive to make information about insurance and coverage policies as transparent, accessible, and up-to-date as possible, and support community-level initiatives working to help patients obtain all supports they are eligible for (e.g., insurance, social services, etc.)	Health systems, State and local health agencies, Payers	System Structure: Health insurance and payment systems create and maintain inequitable access to health care and holistic perinatal care

### Funding & Acknowledgements

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#### Sources

Actions were synthesized from a two-part Systems Mapping to Advance Birth Equity workshop with 48 diverse actors representing federal, state, local, community, and family birth equity partners as well as the following recommended recent sources that have called for specific actions to advance birth equity.

- 1. Black Mamas Matter Alliance (2023). Black Mamas Matter: In Policy and Practice: A policy agenda for the Black maternal health, rights, and justice movement.
- 2. Institute for Medicaid Innovation (2023). Innovation in Perinatal and Child Health in Medicaid.
- 3. National Birth Equity Systems Mapping Workshop (2023). AMCHP Virtual Workshop, May and June 2023.
- 4. National Partnership for Women and Families (2023). Raising the Bar for Maternal Health Equity and Excellence.
- 5. New Jersey Health Care Quality Institute and The Burke Foundation (2022). Delivering Better Care: Midwifery Practice in New Jersey.

#### Participating Organizations (in the workshop or feedback sessions)

- Alliance for Early Success
- Birthing Cultural Rigor, LLC
- BirthMatters
- Black Mamas ATX
- CityMatCH
- Family Solutions: A Program of the SC Office of Rural Health
- Funders for Birth Justice and Equity
- Georgetown University Center for Children and Families
- Giving Austin Labor Support
- Greater Newark Health Care Coalition
- Hand to Hold
- Healthy Mothers, Healthy Babies Coalition of Georgia
- HRSA's Maternal and Child Health Bureau
- Institute for Women and Ethnic Studies
- Intermountain Health RMOMS Program
- Mama Sana Vibrant Woman
- Mamatoto Village
- March of Dimes
- Maternal Health Equity Collaborative
- Maternal Mental Health Leadership Alliance

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- Merck for Mothers
- Minnesota Indian Women's Resource Center
- National Healthy Start Association
- National Institute of Children's Health Quality
- National Partnership for Women & Families
- Our Journ3i
- Philadelphia Department of Public Health
- Preeclampsia Foundation
- Rhode Island Department of Health
- Sedgwick County Health Department
- St. Joseph County Department of Health
- Starting Out Right
- The BEE Collective
- The Reilly Group
- Trenton Health Team
- The U.S. Department of Agriculture
- U.S. Department of Labor
- Utah Pacific Islander Health Coalition
- University of Washington's Parent-Child Assistance Program