



New Leaders Session

November 2023

Division of State and Community Health Maternal and Child Health Bureau (MCHB)

Vision: Healthy Communities, Healthy People



Welcome



Shirley Payne, PhD, MPH
Director
Division of State and Community Health
Maternal and Child Health Bureau





Why We Do This Work!













Session Agenda

- Welcome/ Introductions
- History of Title V
- Overview of MCHB
- Overview of Title V Block Grant
- Title V Resources
- Questions from States & Closing







Understanding Title V



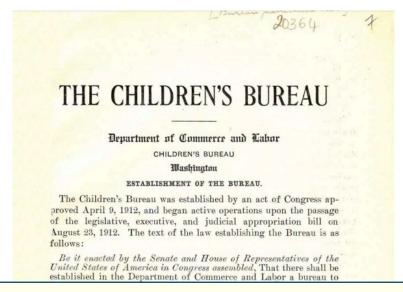








1912: Founding of the Children's Bureau



"...investigate and report...upon all matters pertaining to the welfare of children and child life among all classes of our people, and shall especially investigate the questions of infant mortality, the birth rate, orphanage, juvenile courts, desertion, dangerous occupations, accidents and diseases of children, employment, legislation affecting children in the several States and territories."



HRSA
Maternal & Child Health

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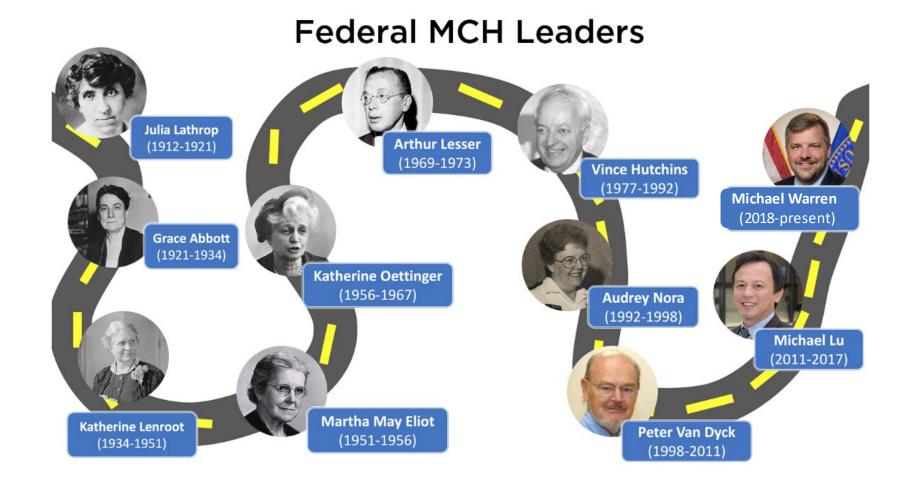
1935: Title V of the Social Security Act







Outstanding MCH Leadership Over the Years







A more detailed history can be found in the recent article below!

Maternal and Child Health Journal https://doi.org/10.1007/s10995-023-03629-0

COMMENTARY



Over a Century of Leadership for Maternal and Child Health in the United States: An Updated History of the Maternal and Child Health Bureau

Michael D. Warren¹ Laura D. Kavanagh¹

Accepted: 18 February 2023

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Abstract

The Maternal and Child Health Bureau (MCHB) is the only federal agency solely focused on improving the health and well-being of all of America's mothers, children, and families. Founded in 1912 as the Children's Bureau, the Bureau has evolved over 110 years in response to the changing needs of MCH populations and shifting legislative and administrative priorities. The Bureau's role in promoting and protecting maternal and child health has grown, spurred by landmark legislation including the Sheppard-Towner Maternity and Infancy Care Act, Title V of the Social Security Act, and multiple programmatic authorizations. Emerging issues in the field—ranging from deficiencies in access and coverage for health care to the emergence of new infectious diseases—have resulted in additional roles and responsibilities for the Bureau; these include convening state and national partners, providing leadership on priority topics, developing guidelines for care, and implementing new programs. Throughout its history, the Bureau has partnered with other federal government agencies, states, communities, and families to improve outcomes for mothers, children, and families. Previous reports have documented the founding of the Children's Bureau and the growth of federal legislation and programs through 1990. This updated history builds on those works and describes the multiple new programs and legislative authorities assigned to the Bureau since the Title V reforms of the 1980s, the Bureau's response to emerging issues, and the contemporary structure and function of MCHB.





Maternal and Child Health Bureau



Mission: Improve the health of America's mothers, children, and families.





MCHB Strategic Plan

Mission

To improve the health and well-being of America's mothers, children, and families.

Vision

Our vision is an America where all mothers, children, and families thrive and reach their full potential.

MCHB Goals

ACCESS

Assure access to highquality and equitable health services to optimize health and well-being for all MCH populations. **EQUITY**

Achieve health equity for MCH populations.

CAPACITY

Strengthen public health capacity and workforce for MCH.

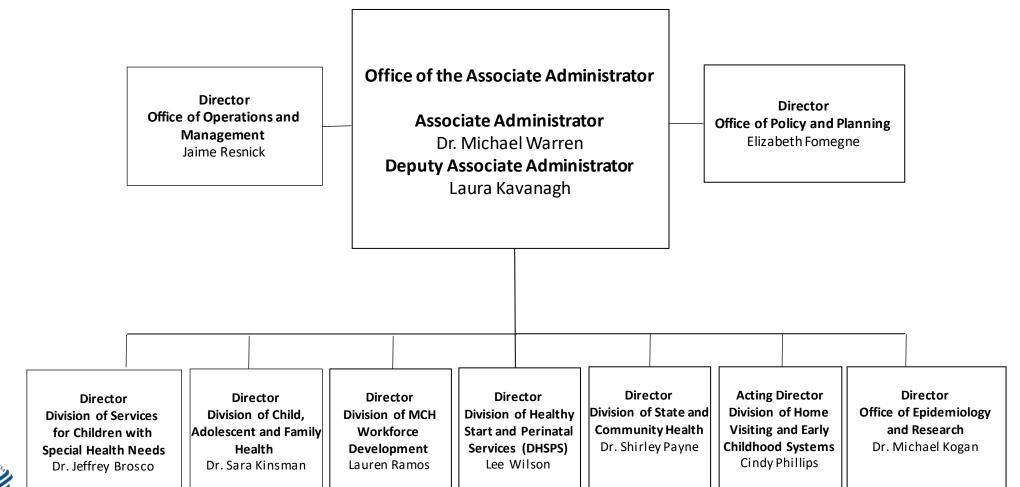
IMPACT

Maximize impact through leadership, partnership, and stewardship.





MCHB Organizational Structure





Maternal and Child Health Bureau FY 2023 Total Budget: \$1.68 billion

Legislative Authority	FY23 Omnibus
Maternal and Child Health Block Grant	\$822.7
Alliance for Innovation in Maternal Health (NEW)	\$15.3
Integrated Maternal Health Services (NEW)	\$10.0
Autism and Other Developmental Disorders	\$56.3
Sickle Cell Disease Demonstration	\$8.2
Early Hearing Detection & Intervention	\$18.8
Healthy Start	\$145.0
Emergency Medical Services for Children	\$24.3
Heritable Disorders	\$20.8
Pediatric Mental Health Care Access	\$13.0
Screening and Treatment for Maternal Depression	\$10.0
Family-to-Family Health Information Center	\$5.7
Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home Visiting	\$500
Poison Control	\$26.8
TOTAL	\$1.68B

Last Updated: April 2023

Note: This table is in millions of dollars.

Greetings from the DSCH Staff

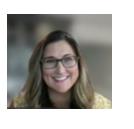






















































Title V MCH Services Block Grant to States

FY 2023 Budget = \$593.3 M



Reach & Impact
58 million people in
FY2021

- 92% of all pregnant women
- 98% of infants
- <u>58%</u> of children







Kate Marcell, MS

Eastern Branch Team Lead

Division of State and Community Health

Maternal and Child Health Bureau





Title V MCH Block Grant

Overview

Federal/State partnerships to address the needs of MCH populations

Formula grant awarded to 59 States and jurisdictions

Submission of Yearly Application/Annual Report





Title V MCH Block Grant

Legislative Requirements Title V Statewide Five-Year Needs Assessment and Action Plan

For every \$4 in Federal funding received, states must match \$3 in state or local

Maintenance of Effort





Title V MCH Block Grant

- At least 30% of funds for children with special health needs
- At least 30% for preventive and primary care services for children
- Max of 10% for administration

Guidelines for Funding

5-Year Needs Assessment

- Engage broad group of MCH stakeholders
- Identify state priorities, capacity, and emerging issues

- Describe state activities related to priorities
- Report on performance measures
- Complete review with federal project officer

Annual Application & Report

FLEXIBILITY

ACCOUNTABILITY





Title V MCH Block Grant Guidance



TITLE V MATERNAL AND CHILD HEALTH SERVICES BLOCK GRANT TO STATES PROGRAM

GUIDANCE AND FORMS
FOR THE
TITLE V APPLICATION/ANNUAL REPORT

OMB NO: 0915-0172 EXPIRES: 1/31/2024

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Health Resources and Services Administration Maternal and Child Health Bureau Division of State and Community Health 3600 Fishers Lane, Room 18N33 Rockville, MD 20837 (Phone 301-443-2204 FAX 301-443-9334)

OMB Number: 0915-0172

Expiration D





Guiding Principles



Delivery of Title V services within a public health service model



Data-driven programming and performance accountability

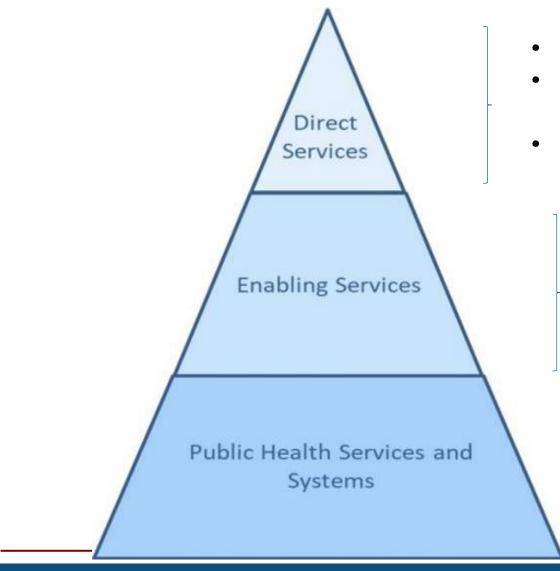


Partnerships with individuals/families/family-led organizations (i.e., family partnership)





Public Health Service Delivery Model



- Clinical services
- Billing claim/managed care contracts
- Payer of last resort

- Care coordination, referrals, education, eligibility assistance, risk reduction
- Salaries/operational support
 - Standards/guidelines, program planning, policy, QI, workforce development
 - Population-based disease prevention and health promotion



Family Partnership



Patients, families, their representatives, and health professionals working in active partnership at various levels across the health care system, to improve health and health care.





Data-Driven Programming and Accountability

Title V Performance Measure Framework



Evaluation Logic Model









Ellen Volpe, MHSA

Eastern Branch Chief

Division of State and Community Health

Maternal and Child Health Bureau





Why we do this work: So that they will become responsible adults?









National Outcome Measures

National

Outcome

Measures

(NOMs)

Total of 25

Mandated by Title V legislation

Sentinel health marker for MCH

Major focus of Title V

Increasing prevalence





Examples of National Outcome Measures (NOMs)

- Maternal mortality rate
- Infant mortality rate
- Adolescent suicide rate
- Children in excellent or very good health
- Teen birth rate
- Children with decayed teeth cavities in past year





National Performance Measures

National

Performance

Measures

(NPMs)

Total of 15

Large investment of resources

Modifiable

Measurable activities

Large societal costs

Disparities





National Performance Measures

National
Performance
Measures
(NPMs)

At least one NPM for each population domain

- Women/Maternal Health
- Perinatal/Infant Health
- Child Health
- CSHCN
- Adolescent Health

Tracked throughout five-year reporting cycle





Examples of National Performance Measures (NPMs)

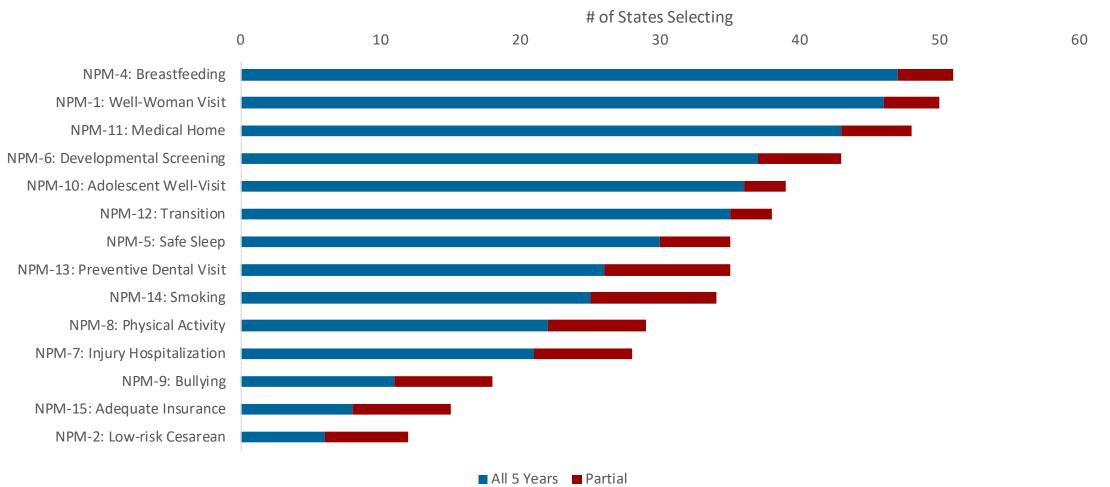
- Women with a preventive medical visit in past year
- Infants who are breastfed
- Adolescents who are bullied or who bully others
- Adolescents who received transition services
- Women with a dental visit in the past year







NPM Selections







National NPM Progress

NPM #	Short Title	Data Source	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Run Line	Absolute Δ	Percent	Status
1	Well-woman visit	BRFSS				73.6	72.8	71.2	~	-2.4	-3%	_
2	Low-risk cesarean delivery	NVSS	25.8	25.7	26.0	25.9	25.6	25.9	~~~	0.1	0%	≈
4A	Breastfeeding - initiation	NVSS	82.7	83.6	83.9	84.0	84.1	84.0		1.3	2%	+
4B	Breastfeeding - exclusive to 6 mo	NSCH		20.9	25.7	23.5	25.6	25.0	<i></i>	4.1	20%	+
5A	Back sleep position	PRAMS	78.4	78.0	79.9	80.8	79.9	79.8		1.4	2%	+
5B	Separate approved sleep surface	PRAMS		31.8	33.2	33.9	35.9	36.9		5.1	16%	+
5C	No soft bedding	PRAMS		42.4	46.7	47.6	50.9	52.5		10.1	24%	+
6	Developmental screening	NSCH		30.4	31.7	35.2	37.7	36.1	-	5.7	19%	+
7.1	Injury hospitalization - child	HCUP	144.8	132.0	128.6	122.6	124.2	116.0	-	-28.8	-20%	-
7.2	Injury hospitalization - adolescen	HCUP	227.0	221.9	215.0	201.5	204.2	210.1	-	-16.9	-7%	-
8.1	Physical activity - child	NSCH		29.8	26.1	29.4	27.1	25.3	\	-4.6	-15%	-
8.2	Physical activity - adolescent	NSCH		18.5	18.0	17.1	15.9	14.6		-3.9	-21%	-
9	Bullying victimization	YRBSS	25.8		24.1		25.0		<u></u>	-0.8	-3%	≈
10	Adolescent well-visit	NSCH		79.0	78.4		79.6	71.7		-7.3	-9%	_
11	Medical home - CSHCN	NSCH		43.2	43.3	42.1	42.4	42.0	-	-1.2	-3%	≈
11	Medical home - non-CSHCN	NSCH		50.0	49.7	49.2	48.7	47.2		-2.8	-6%	_
12	Transition - CSHCN	NSCH		16.5	17.0	20.8	24.8	20.3		3.8	23%	+
12	Transition - non-CSHCN	NSCH		14.2	13.5	14.8	19.0	16.2		2.0	14%	+
13.1	Preventive dental visit - pregnand	PRAMS		48.3	44.6	46.2	47.1	45.8	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	-2.5	-5%	_
13.2	Preventive dental visit - child	NSCH		78.7	80.2	79.1	80.1	74.9		-3.8	-5%	-
14.1	Smoking - pregnancy	NVSS	7.8	7.2	6.9	6.5	6.0	5.5		-2.3	-29%	-
14.2	Smoking - home	NSCH		16.2	14.8	15.0	13.8	14.3	~	-1.9	-12%	-
15	Adequate insurance	NSCH		69.4	67.5	67.5	66.0	67.4		-2.0	-3%	

Significant Improvement

- Safe sleep
- Breastfeeding
- Developmental screening
- Injury hospitalization
- Transition
- Smoking

Significant Worsening

- Well-woman visit*
- Physical activity*
- Adolescent well-visit
- Preventive dental visit*
- Adequate insurance*

* Small (<5%) but significant change

Maternal & Child Health



State Performance Measures

State Performance Measures (SPMs)

- Sixth Cross-Cutting and Systems Building domain
 - Social determinants of health
 - Equity
 - Workforce development
 - Data infrastructure
 - Family partnership
- Priority needs not related to a NPM





Evidence Based or Informed Measures (ESMs)

- Women's preventive health visits at local health units (Well-woman visit/Women)
- Hospitals with safe sleep policies (Safe Sleep/Infants)
- Preventive dental visits for high-risk children (Preventive dental visit/Children)
- Schools with evidence-based bullying programs (Bullying/Adolescents)
- Providers with transition policies





State Action Plan Table

		State Action Plan	n Table	2020 Application/2018 Annual Report					
Priority Needs	Strategies		Objectives	National and State Performance Measures	Evidence-Based or -Informed Strategy Measures	National and State Outcome Measures			
Women/Maternal Health									
Increase access to prenatal care.	PHRM/ISS will seek out a project to improve managers encourage women to receive track achievement number and percental worked with Performance Improvement distribution of Family Planning Waiver a completing applications, and sending a Medicaid. The Office of Women's Health Director Fatherhood Coordinator will work with a partners to identify opportunities for coll The PHRM/ISS program is beginning to case management structure to address shortages. The PHRM/ISS case management proformal MOUs from 2 to 5 in order to incources for PHRM/ISS.	the 6 week post medical visit and age. It Office to develop a protocol for Applications, assistance with pplications to the Division of the D	By September 30, 2018, increase the percent of PHRM/ISS post-partum women who receive their 6 week post medical visit from baseline of 77% to 79%. Increase awareness about PHRM/ISS Case Management by participating on community advisory boards and take part in vendor exhibits booths at professional organizations in order to increase the number of clients in PHRM/ISS. Increase the % of women who view social media content provided by MSDH Office of Women's Health regarding women's preventive health services by 1 % each year.	NPM 1: Percent of women, ages 18 through 44, with a preventive medical visit in the past year	Inactive - ESM 1.1: Number of Mississippi women who apply for the Family Planning Waiver ESM 1.2: Number of social media message months promoting women's preventive health services ESM 1.3: Number of engaged users viewing social media messages delivered by MSDH social sites promoting women's preventive health	NOM 2: Rate of severe maternal morbidity per 10,000 delivery hospitalizations NOM 3: Maternal mortality rate per 100,000 live births NOM 4: Percent of low birth weight deliveries (<2,500 grams) NOM 5: Percent of preterm births (<37 weeks) NOM 6: Percent of early term births (37, 38 weeks) NOM 8: Perinatal mortality rate per 1,000 live births plus fetal deaths NOM 9.1: Infant mortality rate per 1,000 live births			







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Western Branch Team Lead
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Understanding the Title V Block Grant

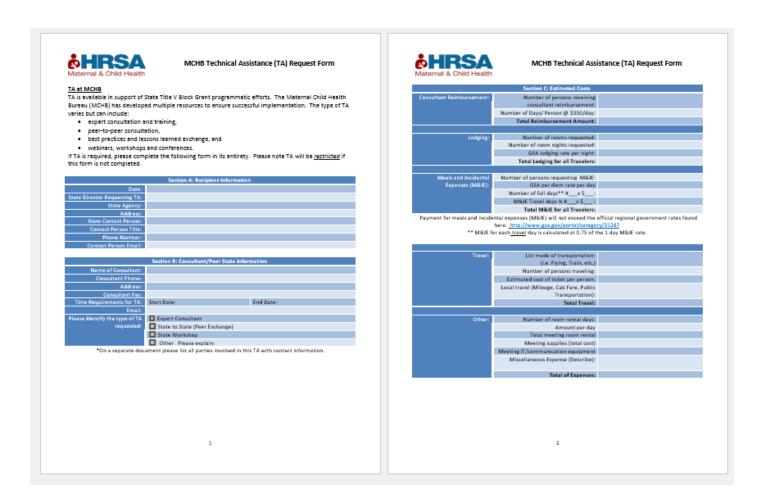


https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DMvDHW6XG3c





DSCH Technical Assistance







DSCH TA Request Topics

- Big 5 Coordination
- Care Coordination
- Cultural and Linguistic Competence
- Diversity Geomapping
- Family Consumer Partnership
- Health Equity
- Inter-agency coordination
- Maternal Mortality
- Neonatal Abstinence Syndrome
- Newborn Screening
- Oral Health
- Payment Structures
- Shared Plans of Care











Capacity Building Investment Document

- Compilation of MCHB investments
- Capacity to offer direct training and technical assistance (TA)
- Offer resources or data on their websites
- Research networks or single investigator innovation programs that are sources of emerging evidence or promising practices
- Capacity-building resources may also be searched on the MCHB website: https://mchb.hrsa.gov/capacity-buildingresources



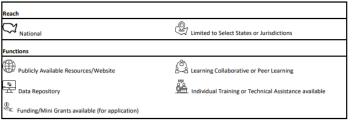
Maternal and Child Health Bureau (MCHB) Capacity-building Investments

This is a compilation of MCHB investments supporting awardees' further success. Some investments have the capacity to offer direct training and technical sasistance (TA), others offer resources or data on their websites, while others are research networks or single investigator innovation programs that are sources of emerging evidence or promising practices. Capacity-building resources may also be searched on the MCHB website: https://mchb.hrsa.gov/capacity-building-resources

Document Guide:

- There are two sections in this document (1) Capacity-building Investments; and (2) Research Networks (RN)/Single Investigator Innovation Programs (SIIP). In each section, the entries are ordered alphabetically.
- For the Capacity-building Investments Section, use the icon key shown below and on page 17 to understand the reach and functions.
- Some of the entries have an added indicator showing which MCH National Performance Measure (NPM) is
 closely related. There is a description of the National Performance Measures on page 22 for reference and the
 linked National Outcomes Measures can be found at the <u>Title V MCH Block Grant Performance Measure</u>
- . Consider using a keyword search (Ctrl+F) to locate specific topics associated with an entry.

ICON KEY: Capacity-building Investment Reach and Functions







Title V Information System









https://mchb.tvisdata.hrsa.gov/



Title V Information System





- · State Application/Annual Report
- State Action Plan Table
- State Contacts
- National Snapshot
- State Snapshot
- Title V-Medicaid IAA/MOU
- Resources





Title V Information System

How Can You Access It?

- Data Entry: Only available to States via Electronic Handbooks
- Web Reports: https://mchb.tvisdata.hrsa.gov

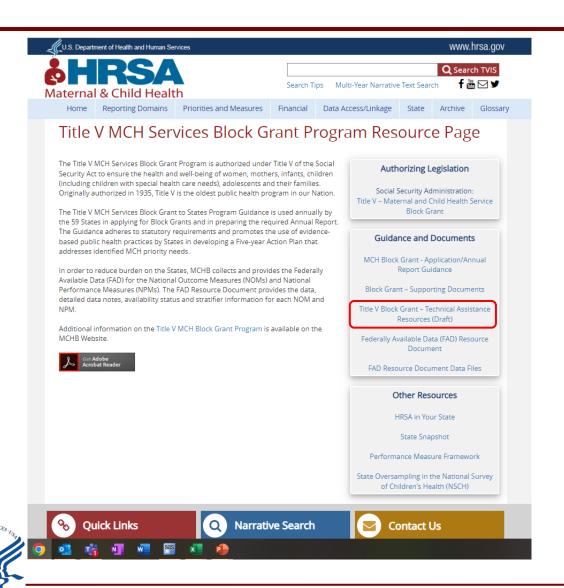
How Can You Use It?

- Search national and state level data on key measures and indicators of maternal and child health (MCH) in the United States
- View national and State Title V MCH Block Grant financial and program data
- Acquire information on an individual State Title V MCH Block Grant Program





Technical Assistance Resource Page



Details available on TVIS Resources Page

- Title V Block Grant -- Technical Assistance Resources (formerly Block Grant – Supporting Document aka Appendices)
- Linked to in draft Guidance as well
- See Appendices B and C





Home Page

mchb.tvisdata.hrsa.gov





Questions?

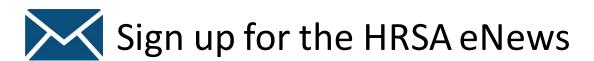




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