

CYSHCN Director Gathering

Title V MCH Federal-State Partnership Meeting Division of Services for CYSHCN

November 5, 2023

Welcome!

Please feel free to grab a snack.

ACTIVITY: You will see three large white Newsprints around the room. Throughout the afternoon, please use the stickies and respond to the questions on the Newsprint.

Vision: Healthy Communities, Healthy People



Welcome!

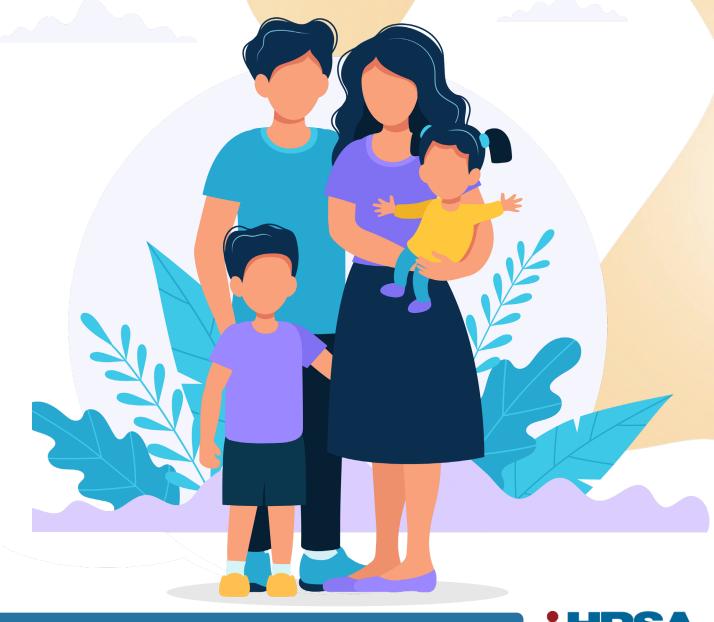
Shirley Payne
Director
Division of State and
Community Health





Overview of agenda, objectives, and setting expectations

Introductions and Icebreaker







Measuring what Matters for CYSHCN and their families







CHILDREN AND YOUTH WITH SPECIAL HEALTH CARE NEEDS

WHO ARE CYSHCN?

Children or youth who have or are at increased risk for chronic physical, developmental, behavioral, or emotional conditions and who also require health and related services of a type or amount beyond that required for children generally.











ASIDE: Changing the word "special" to . . .

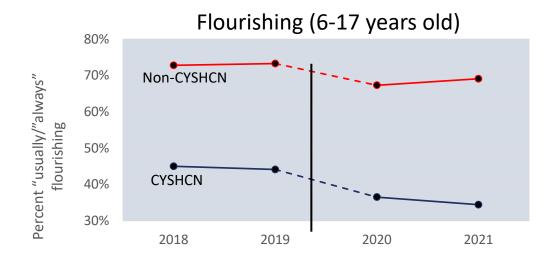
- When we say "CYSCHN," that means . . .
 - Children and Youth with Special Health Care Needs
 - Children and Youth with Specific Health Care Needs
 - Children and Youth with Social Health Community Needs

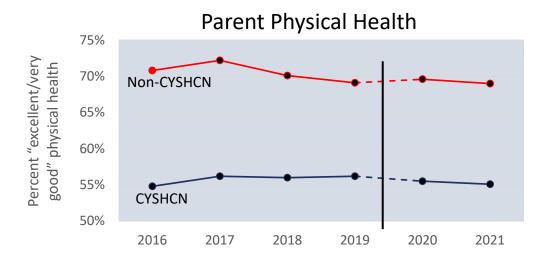
What do you think is best?

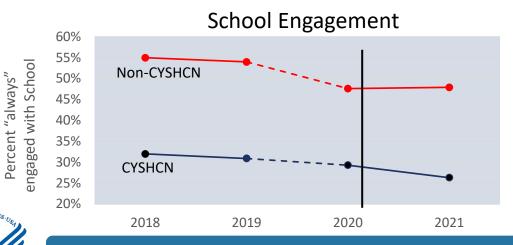


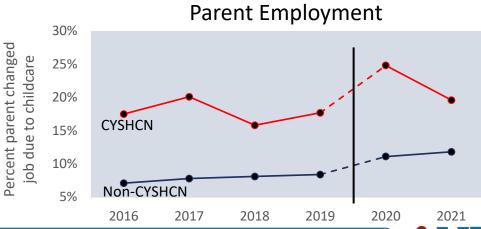


CYSHCN & Family Quality of Life & Well-Being (MCHB data)

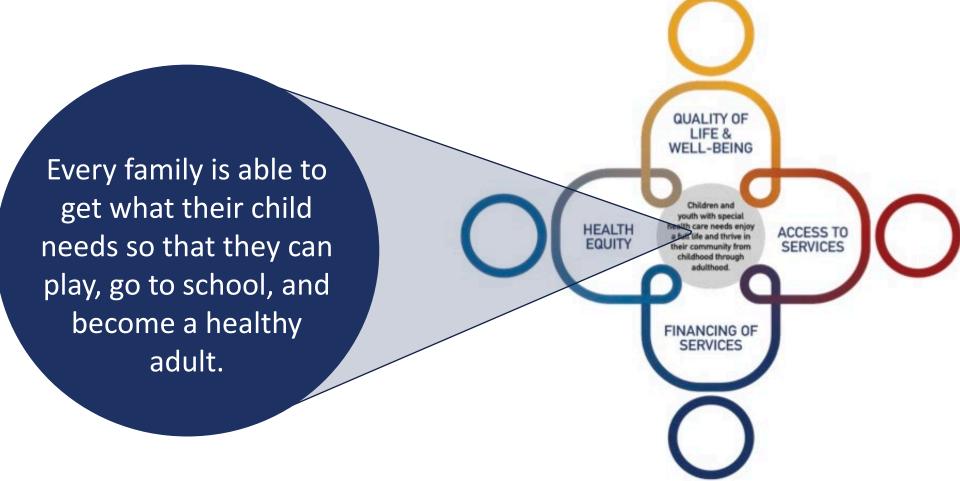








BLUEPRINT FOR CHANGE FOR CYSHCN







WHAT DO WE DO? "MEASURE WHAT MATTERS"

Quality of Life

- Universal measures
 - Child thriving
 - Kindergarten readiness
 - Healthy weight
 - Successful transition to adulthood
 - Caregiver well-being
- At least one conditionspecific measure

Population

- <u>Systems-level</u> approach
- What % of all children, youth, caregivers are achieving the universal measures?
- Equity
 - Do the demographics of numerator match those of the denominator?
 - Disaggregate the data based on historically underserved groups

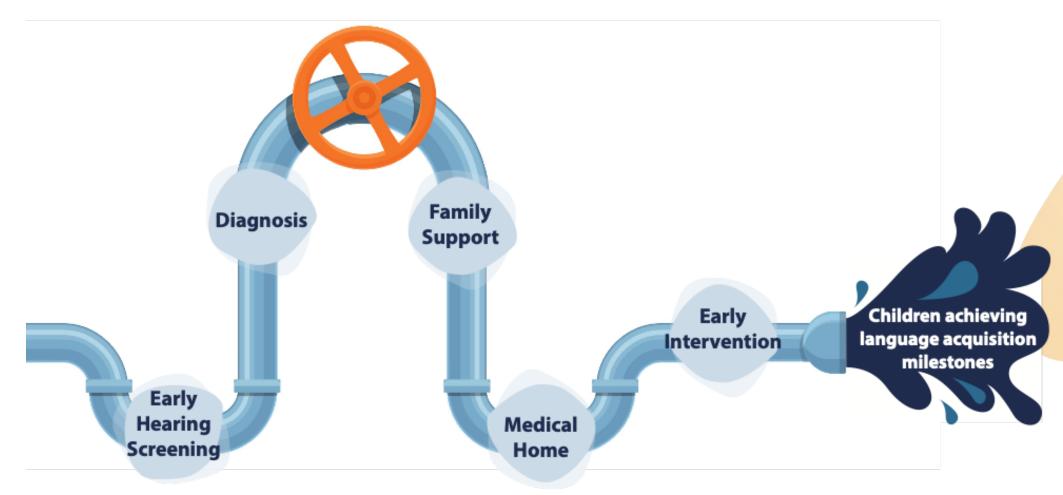
Accountable

- Organizations plan, track, explain (some SDOH/HRSN not in their control)
- Some organizations (e.g., health insurers) rewarded for improvements in % of people achieving measures?





EXAMPLE: NEWBORN HEARING SCREENING

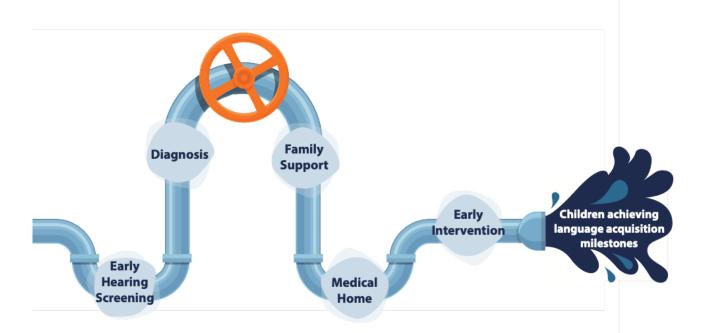




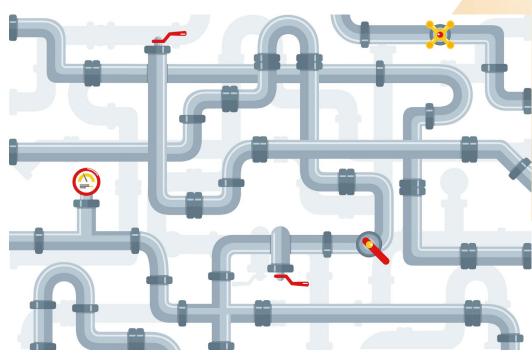


CHALLENGES

What Pipeline Could Look Like



Reality







FAMILY JOURNEY (through the "pipeline")



Supporting families

- Help set goals for a child
- Make path more predictable
- Clear obstacles
- Provide a map and guideposts
- Teach navigation skills
- Support them on the journey



BLUEPRINT IN PRACTICE: FUNDING

- <u>Family</u> Engagement and Leadership in Systems of Care (FELSC)—Family Voices
 - Shared definitions/metrics for family engagement
 - Diverse families in systems of care
- CYSHCN <u>Research</u> Network (CYSHCNet)—University of Colorado
 - QoL measures for CYSHCN and for caregivers
 - Critical elements of complex care health homes
 - Epidemiology of subpopulations of CYSHCN

- National Center for a <u>System of</u> <u>Services</u> for CYSHCN (<u>Blueprint</u> <u>Center</u>)—AAP
 - Partners include Catalyst Center, Family Voices, and Got Transition
 - Implement the Blueprint across state
 Title V programs and other key partners
- Enhancing Systems of Care for <u>CMC</u>— Academy Health
 - Addressing the elevated social needs and risks of CMC
 - Measuring patient/family experience of care
 - Sustainable models of complex care health homes





CYSHCN EPIDEMIOLOGY

MCHB proposes . . .

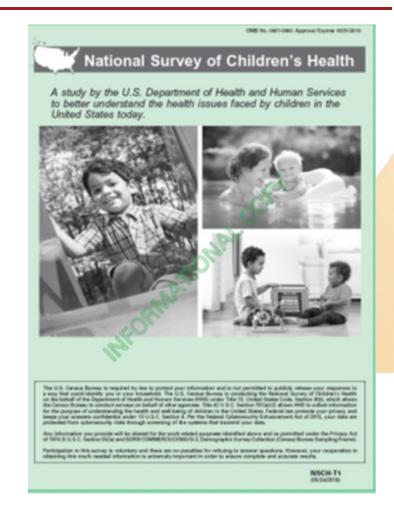
- To expand the calculation of CYSCHN in the National Survey of Child Health (NSCH) by including children whose caregivers report both a condition and a limitation
 - Currently CYSCHN: screen positive on CSHCN Screener
 - o Increase CYSHCN from 19% to 25% of all children
- 2. Report data by both CYSHCN and specific **subpopulations**, such as CMC or developmental-behavioral conditions





National Survey of Children's Health: An Overview

- Sponsored by the Health Resources and Services
 Administration's Maternal and Child Health Bureau;
 conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau.
 Co-sponsorship by CDC and USDA.
- Annual, cross-sectional, address-based survey that collects information via the web and paper/pencil questionnaires.
- Designed to collect information on the health and well-being of children ages 0-17, and related health care, family, and community-level factors that can influence health.
- Provides both national and state-level estimates for all noninstitutionalized children ages 0-17 years in the U.S.
- Data are released annually on Child Health Day







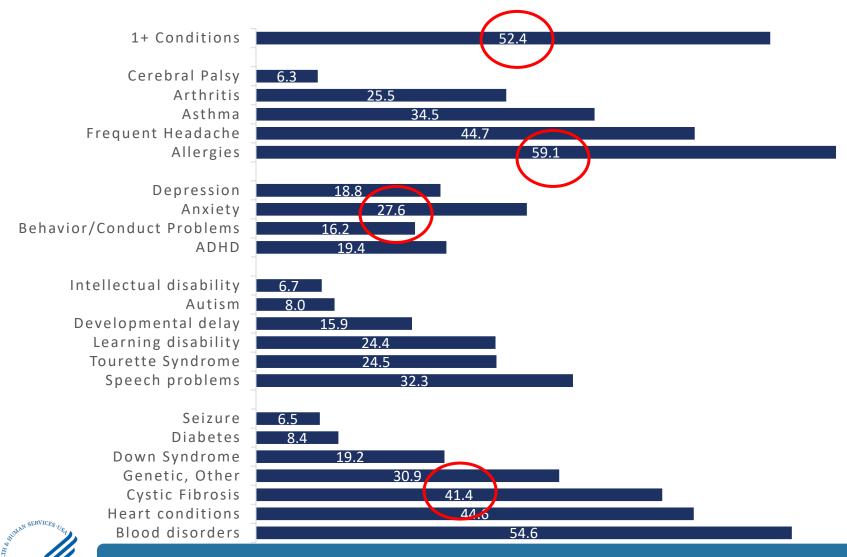
CSHCN Screener

- 1. Does your child currently need or use <u>medicine</u> prescribed by a doctor (other than vitamins?)
- 2. Does your child need or use more medical care, mental health or education services than is usual for most children of the same age?
- 3. Is your child <u>limited</u> or prevented in any way in his or her ability to do the things most children of the same age can do?
- 4. Does your child need or get special therapy, such as physical, occupational or speech therapy?
- 5. Does your child have any kind of emotional, developmental or behavioral problem for which he or she needs to gets treatment or <u>counseling</u>?
 - Is this because of ANY medical, behavioral or other health condition?
 - o Is this a condition that has lasted/is expected to last for > 12 months?





Results: Conditions among Non-CYSHCN





Results: Difficulties among Non-CYSHCN



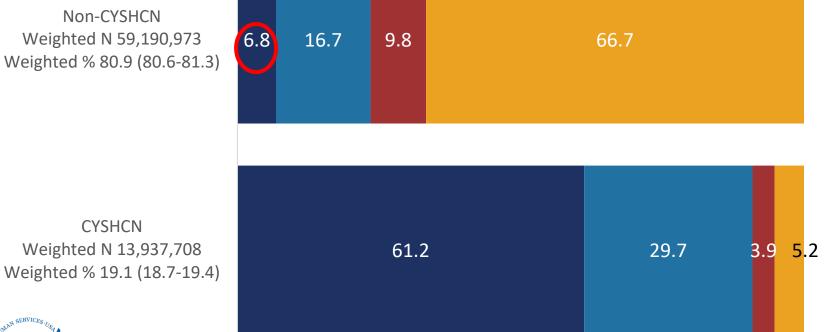
Children with Dx and Difficulties in "non-CYSHCN"

Sample Characteristics, by SHCN Status, Conditions and Difficulties

■ Conditions and difficulties ■ Conditions only ■ Difficulties only ■ No conditions or difficulties

Non-CYSHCN Weighted N 59,190,973 Weighted % 80.9 (80.6-81.3)

CYSHCN Weighted N 13,937,708

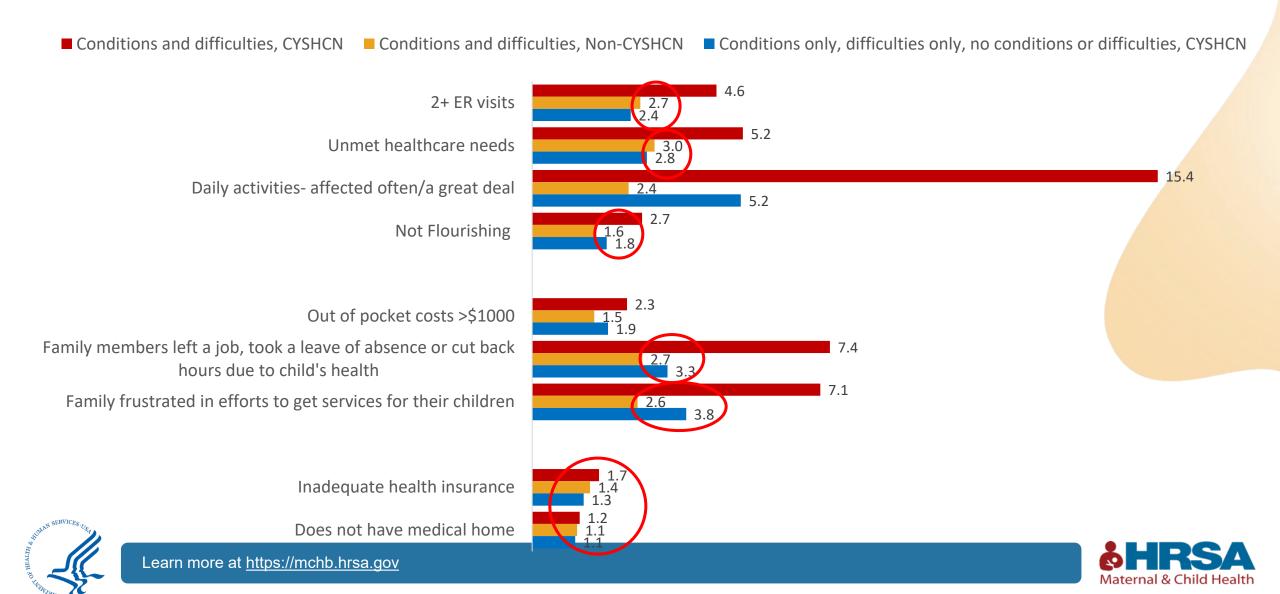


- Overall prevalence of SHCN in 2016-2021 was 19.1%, representing 14M children.
- Nearly 2/3 (61.2%) of CYSHCN have both conditions and difficulties
- 5.2% of CYSHCN have neither conditions nor difficulties
- 6.8% of children with conditions and difficulties did not meet the criteria for special health care needs based on the CSHCN Screener, representing 4M children.





Results: Impacts after Adjustment



Results: Demographic Characteristics

Stratified the population by:

- 1) SHCN status (CYSHCN/non-CYSHCN), and
- 2) Presence of ≥1 condition AND ≥1 difficulty.

Children with ≥1 condition AND ≥1 difficulty who were:

- Younger (0-5 years);
- Female;
- **Hispanic** or non-Hispanic Multiple/Other Race;
- Uninsured or privately insured;
- Living in a household with low educational attainment.

Were more likely not to be identified as having a special health care need.

> Despite clear utility to the field, the CSHCN Screener demonstrates some important limitations.

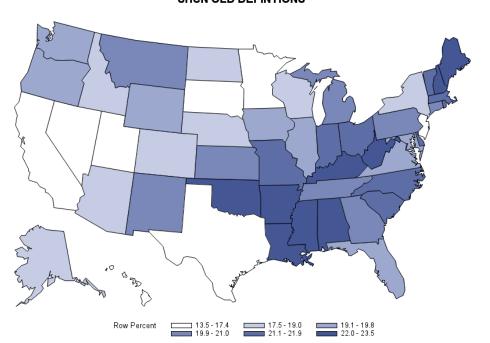




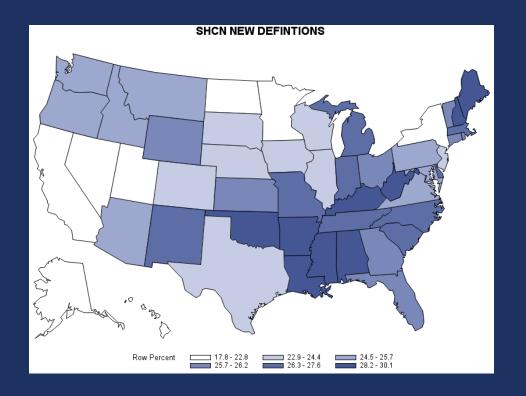
Results: State Prevalence

Prevalence of CYSHCN – Current Calculation

SHCN OLD DEFINITIONS



Prevalence of CYSCHN – Expanded Calculation





Critical Populations within CYSHCN

	Class 1	Class 2	Class 3	Class 4	
Need help coordinating	1				
Problems paying for care					Neede
Time delivering health care at home	1				Needs
Time coordinating care					
Need medical specialists					
ED visits					Health Care Use
Hospitalizations					
Behavioral impact					
Developmental impact					
Intellectual impact					
Language impact					Fxn Limitations
Learning impact	1				
Consistent and great deal ADL impact					HRSA
Global health assessment (good-excellent)					Maternal & Child Health

Critical Populations within CYSHCN: Making sense of a larger prevalence number

1. CMC

- Both medical and functional impact
- ~1.5% of children, 5% of CSHCN

2. Low impact

- ~16% of children
- 67% of CSHCN

3. Functional

- "Behavior & development"
- ~3.5% of children, 14% of CHSNC

4. Medical

- "Medically fragile" ED and hospital
- ~3.5% of children, 14% of CSHCN





Implications for proposed changes?

%

Refine How We Count CYSHCN in the NSCH

 Increase CYSHCN from about 19% to about 25% of all children in the US



Identify Critical Populations within CYSHCN

- Routinely report NSCH data by both total CYSHCN (as current), and according to
- Key populations within the overall CYSHCN population, such as CMC.

NCSH = National Survey of Children's Health





Measuring what Matters: Discussion

- How are you currently using the NSCH?
 - o If not using the NSCH to inform your work, what data sources are you using?
 - What is your comfort level working with the NSCH?
- If these changes are in place, how does this impact your work?
 - What are the benefits of these proposed changes?
 - What are the potential challenges of changes to NSCH?





Break







Family Partnership and Engagement: Reaching Minoritized Families and Communities







Discussion

- How are families engaged in your program and across all MCH?
- How are you building your "bench strength" across family and community engagement?
- How are you working with young families who are new to navigating the system?
- How does your programs' vision change to prioritize including those hardto-reach communities and families?





Population Health and **Medical Home:** How do they Align?







Population Health and Medical Home: How do they Align? Federal State Title V Partnership Meeting

November 5, 2023
Debra Waldron, MD, MPH, FAAP
Senior Vice President,
Healthy and Resilient Children Youth and Families
Alex Kuznetsov, Senior Manager
Disabilities and Special Health Care Needs
American Academy of Pediatrics



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Agenda

- Introduce the National Center for a System of Services for CYSHCN
- Describe how Title V programs measure access to medical home
- Briefly review core tenets of medical home
- Discuss medical home population health approaches
- Engage in information sharing and peer-to-peer learning;
 identify technical assistance needs

National Center for a System of Services for CYSHCN

Goal: Advance systems of services for CYSHCN through Blueprint implementation.

What We Do



One-on-one technical assistance



Tools



Training



Strategies



Connections to peers and experts

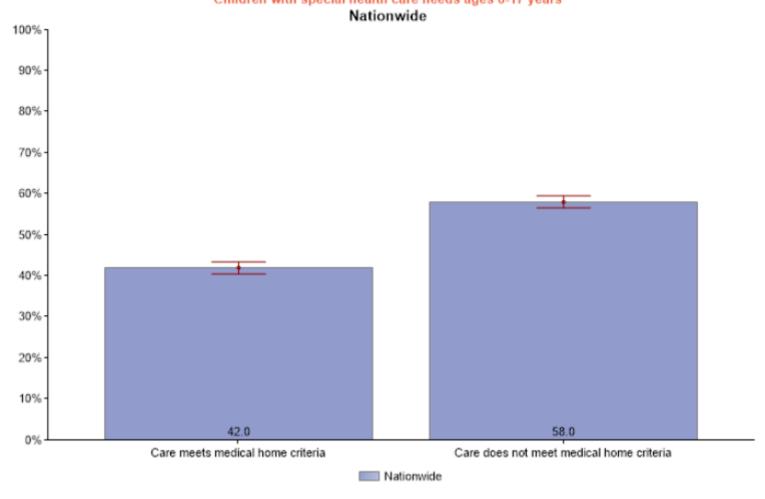
Why does the medical home matter?

- Standard of care for all children, including CYSHCN
- Key driver of comprehensive system of services for CYSHCN
- Proposed universal national performance measure (NPM) for Title V Programs
 - Focus on access and quality of primary and preventive care
 - Intended to drive improvement in CYSHCN systems of care national outcome measure

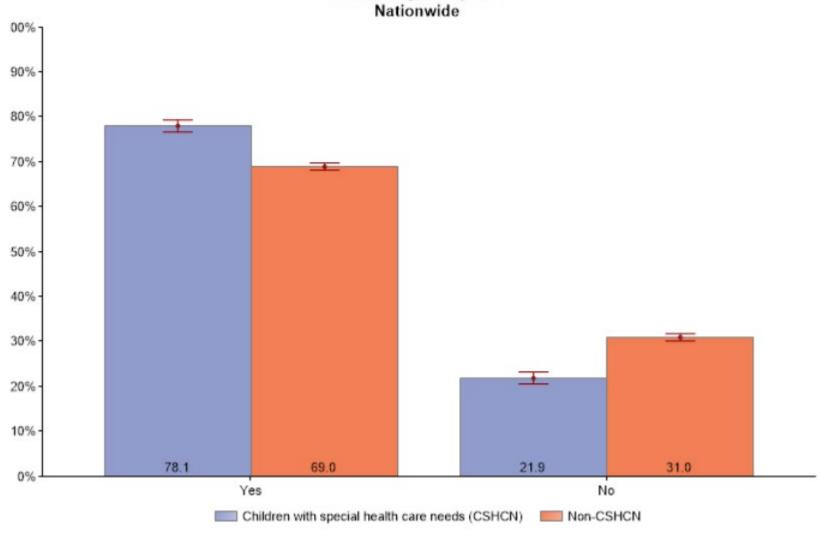
NPM 11: Medical Home (Proposed Universal Measure)

- % of children with and without special health care needs, ages
 0 through 17, who have a medical home
- Composite measure based on five components constructed from a total of 16 survey items.
 - Personal doctor or nurse
 - Usual source of sick care
 - Family-centered care
 - Problems getting needed referrals
 - Effective Care Coordination when needed
- Blueprint for Change efforts can fall within the medical home NPM

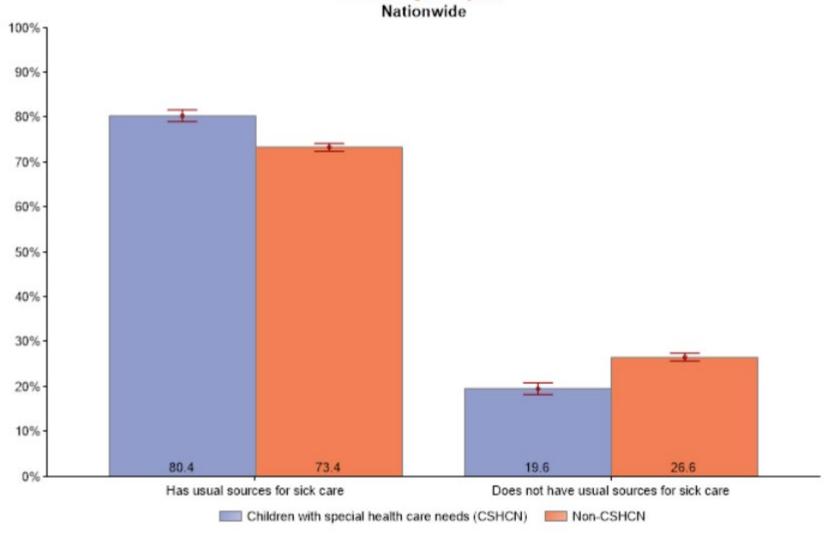
NPM 11: Percent of children with special health care needs who have a medical home Children with special health care needs ages 0-17 years



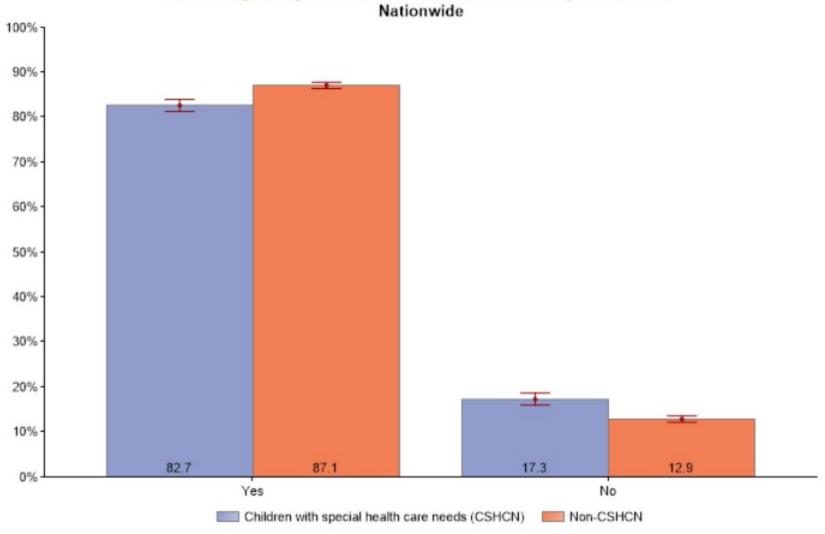
Medical Home Component: Children with a personal doctor or nurse Children age 0-17 years



Medical Home Component: Usual source for sick care Children age 0-17 years

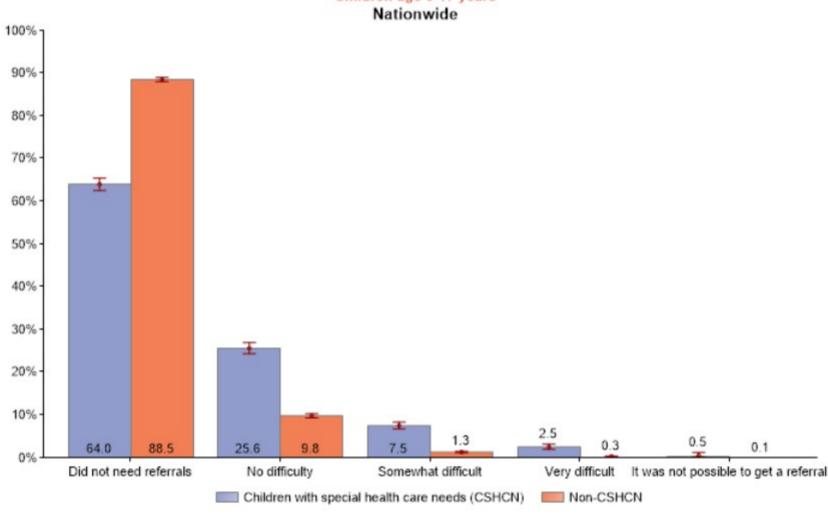


Medical Home Component: Family-centered care Children age 0-17 years who had a health care visit in the past 12 months

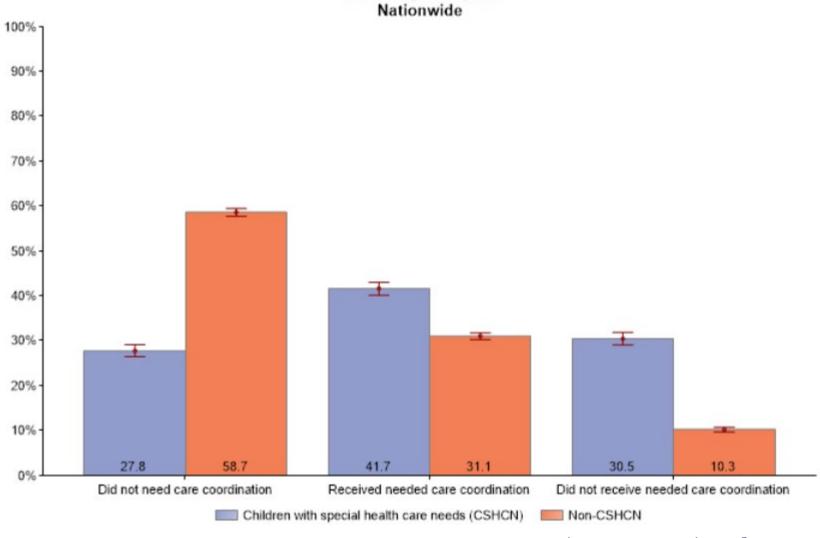


Medical Home Component: Difficulties getting referrals to see any doctors or receive any services

Children age 0-17 years

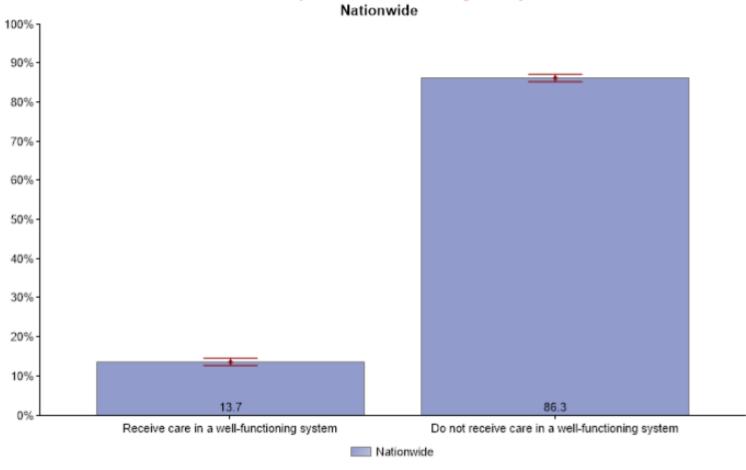


Medical Home Component: Effective care coordination Children age 0-17 years

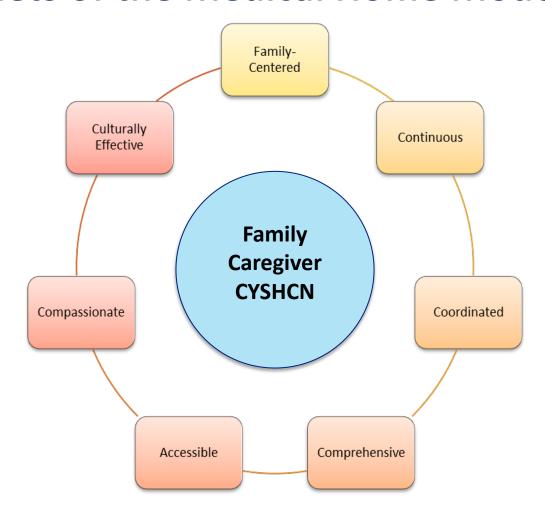


NOM 17.2: Percent of children with special health care needs who receive care in a wellfunctioning system

Children with special health care needs ages 0-17 years



Core Tenets of the Medical Home Model



Medical Home Implementation Advances the Blueprint for Change

- A Title V program educates families/caregivers on how to access non-emergency medical transportation through Medicaid for CYSHCN medical appointments.
 - Blueprint: Access to care, financing, equity
 - Medical home: Accessible, family-centered care, coordinated
- A Title V program provides training for pediatric providers on disability justice and anti-ableism.
 - Blueprint: Access to care, equity, quality of life
 - Medical home: culturally effective, accessible, familycentered

Population Health Strategies for CYSHCN

 Definition: Population health strategy for CYSHCN intends to improve the health and well-being of an entire group or subgroup. These strategies occur at the policy or systems level and are measurable over time. They are designed to improve health equity and often focus on social and environmental factors.

Medical Home and Population Health

- Community health workers
- Connections to peer supports/lived expertise organizations
- Advisory groups/steering committees at the state level
- Collaborating with Medicaid
- Non-emergency medical transportation access
- Language access
- Workforce development

Medical Home and Population Health

- Community referral system for families and providers
- Statewide registry to track screening
- Educational campaigns for providers, health systems, families
 - Particularly around emerging public health needs (example: COVID-19, Medicaid Unwinding, immunizations, etc.)
- Our National Center can help Title V programs with medical home population health approaches. What support would be helpful to you?

We Can Help!

- National Center for a System of Services for CYSHCN
- Blueprint4CYSHCN@aap.org
- No wrong door feel free to contact us or any of our Consortium partners:
 - -AAP
 - Family Voices
 - Got Transition
 - Catalyst Center

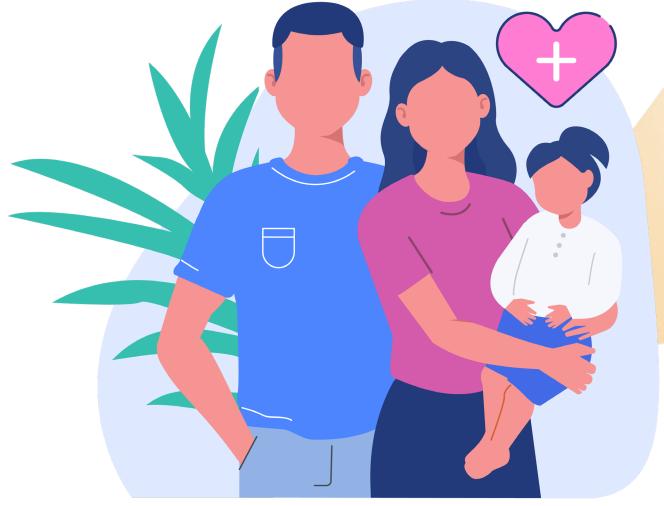
Discussion Questions

- What are you states/jurisdictions currently doing around medical home population health approaches?
- What challenges are you encountering?
- How have you begun to think about Blueprint Implementation in the context of the medical home?

Interactive Activity: Medical Home and the MCH Pyramid of Services

- Use sticky notes to share your work related to medical home
- Place sticky notes with activities along the corresponding level of services on the MCH pyramid:
 - Direct
 - Enabling
 - Population health services and systems

Wrap-up and Next Steps







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